

Fifth Newsletter | 28 June 2023 |

DEAR STAKEHOLDER

In this edition, we focus on the publication of the **presentation**, that outlines the preliminary findings of the study. Additionally, we also ask you to submit your position papers, written inputs, or any feedback on the presentation by **31 July 2023**.

PRESENTATION - PRELIMINARY FINDINGS

The preliminary findings of the analysis were presented during the EU CSD meeting on 16 June 2023. The PowerPoint presentation and the meeting report have been published on the study website and the European Commission website.

INTERVIEWS & WRITTEN INPUTS – YOUR VOICE COUNTS!

The online surveys were available until 26 June 2023. However, stakeholder consultations continue, multiple interviews are scheduled, and we are happy to receive any written inputs from you regarding your views on the potential impact of the EU-India trade and investment agreements currently under negotiation — on economy, businesses, society, human rights, and environment.

Please do not hesitate to submit your positions papers, related publications, relevant links to statistical data, etc. We are happy to hear what you think. You can reach us at out project email: contact@eu-india-tsia.eu

All the inputs are welcome until end of July!

KEY DATES AND INDICATIVE TIMELINE

- **September 2023**: submission of the draft final report to the Commission followed by the Civil Society Dialogue meeting.

Stay updated and make yourself heard!



INFORMATION ABOUT THE STUDY

In 2022, the European Union (EU) and the Republic of India formally relaunched EU-India negotiations on a comprehensive and mutually beneficial Free Trade Agreement (FTA) and launched separate negotiations on an Investment Protection Agreement (IPA).

Trade Sustainability Impact Assessment (SIA) is a robust analysis of the potential impact that the FTA and IPA negotiated between the European Union and India could have on the economy, society, environment, and the enjoyment of human rights in India or the EU.

Related to the impact areas, the analysis consists of four sustainability areas: economic, social, environmental, and the one related to human rights.

The assessment relies on economic modelling, literature review, statistical data analysis and continuous consultations.

